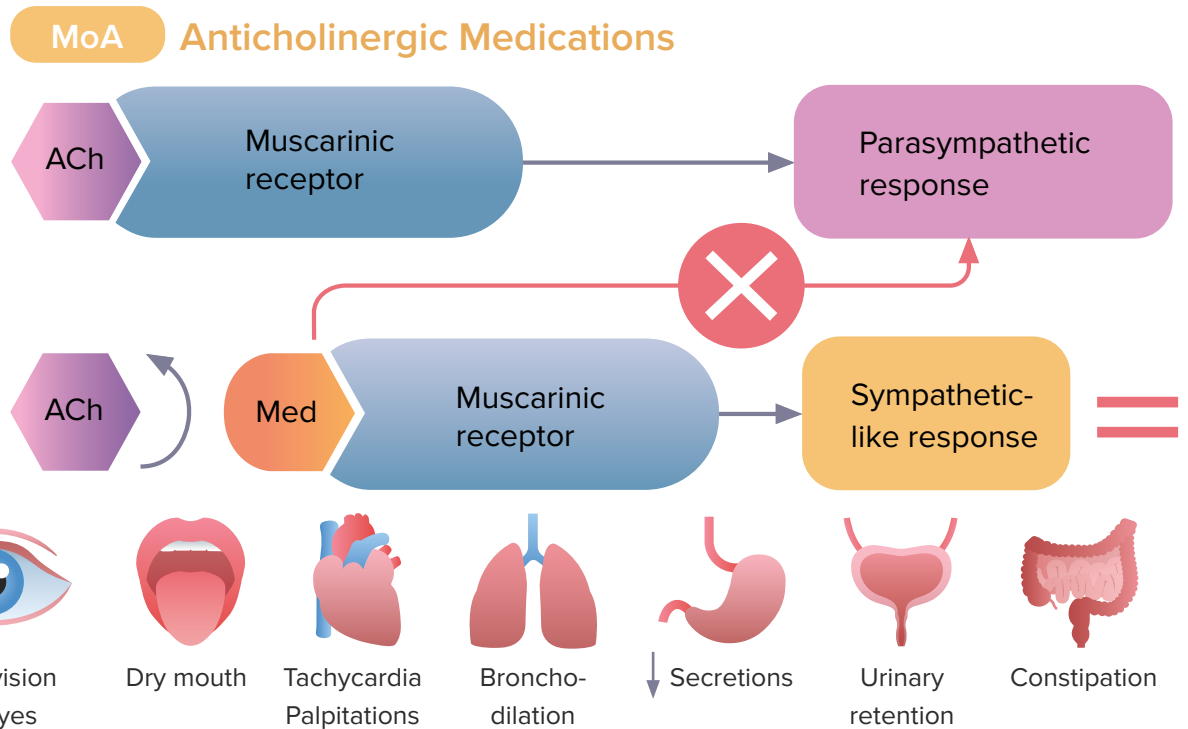


ANTICHOLINERGIC MEDS



Receptor Locations:

- Eyes
- Heart
- Lungs
- GI tract
- Sweat glands
- Urinary bladder



Common anticholinergic medications	Therapeutic use	Side effects
Atropine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↑ HR (for bradycardia) • ↓ Salivation (intra-op) • Antidote (poisoning) 	
Oxybutynin	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bladder relaxant (for overactive bladder) 	
Ipratropium	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bronchodilation (for COPD, asthma) 	
Scopolamine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↓ N/V (for PONV, motion sickness) 	
Solifenacin	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bladder relaxant (for overactive bladder) 	

EXAM HINT

Safety First

Anticholinergics should be avoided in patients with:

- ✓ Myasthenia gravis
- ✓ Glaucoma
- ✓ Tachycardia, HTN
- ✓ Increased age
- ✓ Hyperthyroidism
- ✓ Heart failure
- ✓ Severe dry mouth/constipation
- ✓ Liver Disease
- ✓ Enlarged prostate
- ✓ Hiatal hernia

NOTES

